

EPICS on Raspberry-Pi

2017/5/15

M. Iwasaki (Osaka City University)

The original title of this hands-on was “Install EPICS on Raspberry Pi”.

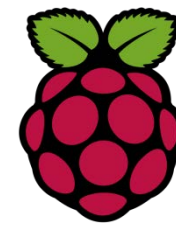
But we only have 1-1.5 hour for this hands on ,
and it is impossible to install the EPICS within this session.
(It takes ~1 hour to compile the EPICS etc on RPi.)

→ We use the EPICS-installed RPi for the hands-on.

Here you'll

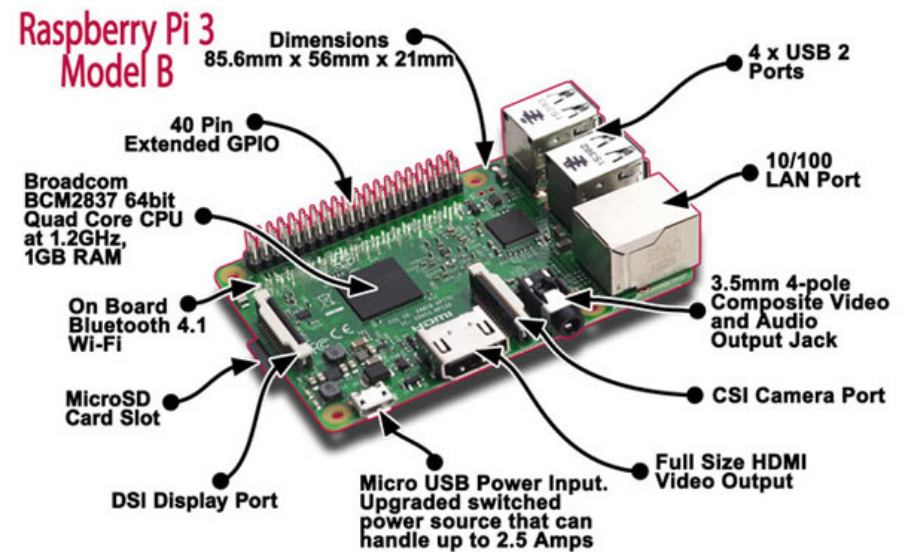
- 1) SSH from your note PC to RPi
- 2) Run the IOC shell on RPi to control the Arduino
- 3) caget / put / monitor from your note PC

Raspberry Pi

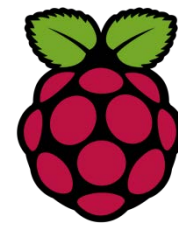


The Raspberry Pi (RPI) is a series of small single-board computers developed in the United Kingdom by the Raspberry Pi Foundation

In this hands on, we use RPi3 model B (2016 Feb.)



Raspberry Pi



The Raspberry Pi (RPI) is a series of small single-board computers developed in the United Kingdom by the Raspberry Pi Foundation

In this hands on, we use RPi3 model B (2016 Feb.)

- A 1.2GHz 64-bit quad-core ARMv8 CPU
- 1GB RAM
- 802.11n Wireless LAN
- **Ethernet port**
- **4 USB ports**
- HDMI port
- **40 GPIO pins**, etc,,

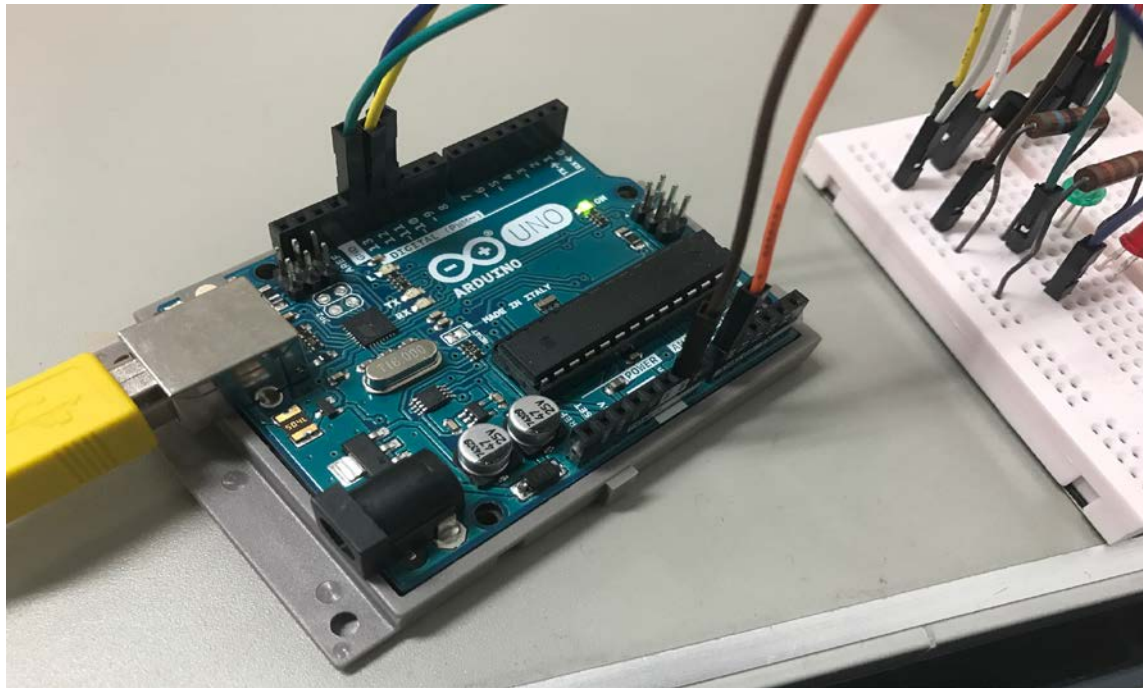
Rpi3 controls the device via Ethernet, USB, or GPIO.

Today we use RPi as an IOC to control the Arduino via USB. Tomorrow, there is a talk on GPIO

Arduino



Arduino boards consist of an ATmel 8-bit AVR microcontroller with varying amounts of flash memory, pins, and features.



Arduino Uno

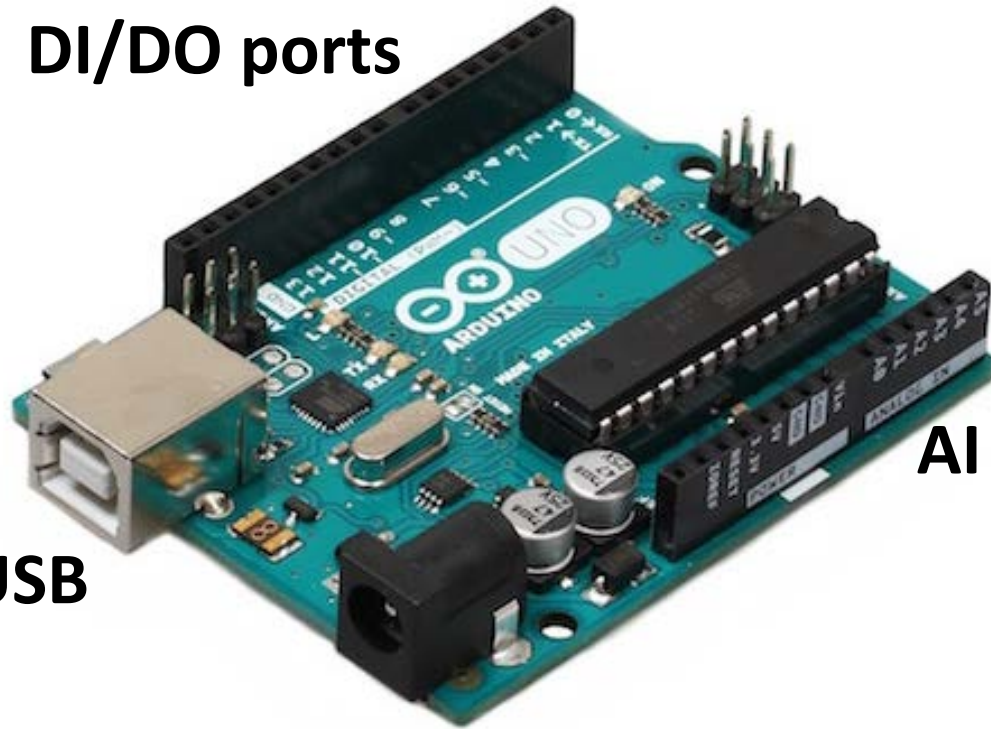
- ATmega328P.
- 14 Digital I/O pins
- 6 Analog inputs
- A 16 MHz quartz crystal
- 1 USB connection

Arduino



Arduino boards consist of an ATmel 8-bit AVR microcontroller with varying amounts of flash memory, pins, and features.

DI/DO ports



USB

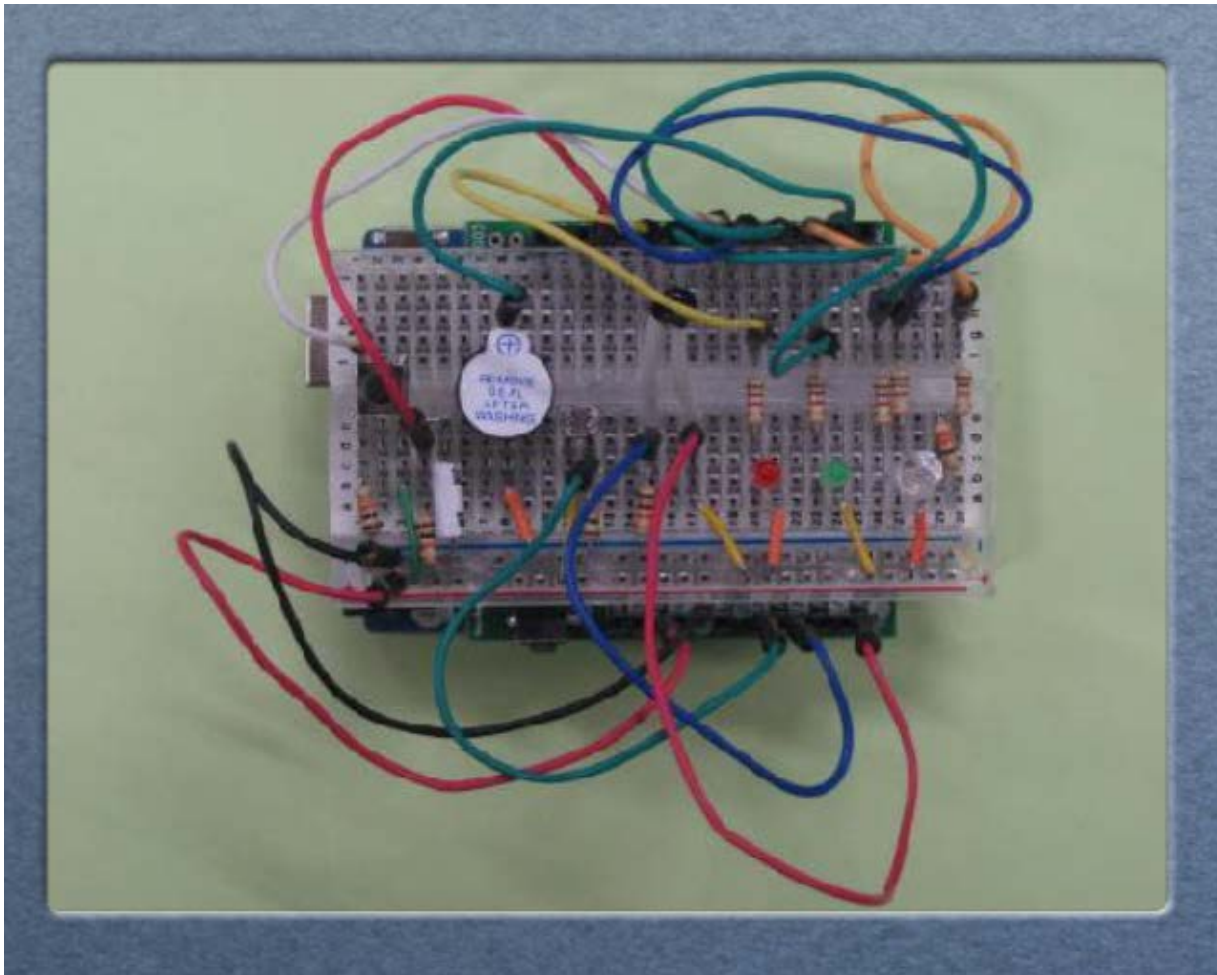
Arduino Uno

- ATmega328P.
- 14 Digital I/O pins
- 6 Analog inputs
- A 16 MHz quartz crystal
- 1 USB connection

AI ports

Arduino shield(ext. board) with Bread board for EPICS training

N. Yamamoto (KEK/J-PARC)



Includes

1 TriColor LED (RGB)

2 LEDs (Red, Green)

1 Buzzer

1 Push Switch

1 Thermistor

1 CdS (Luminance sensor)

1 level Switch

~5,000 JPY

Including Arduino

Arduino sketch file

We use [Arduino IDE](#) to write code (=sketch file), and upload it to the board

- Open-source Arduino Software
- Runs on Windows, Mac OS X, Linux

This time we use

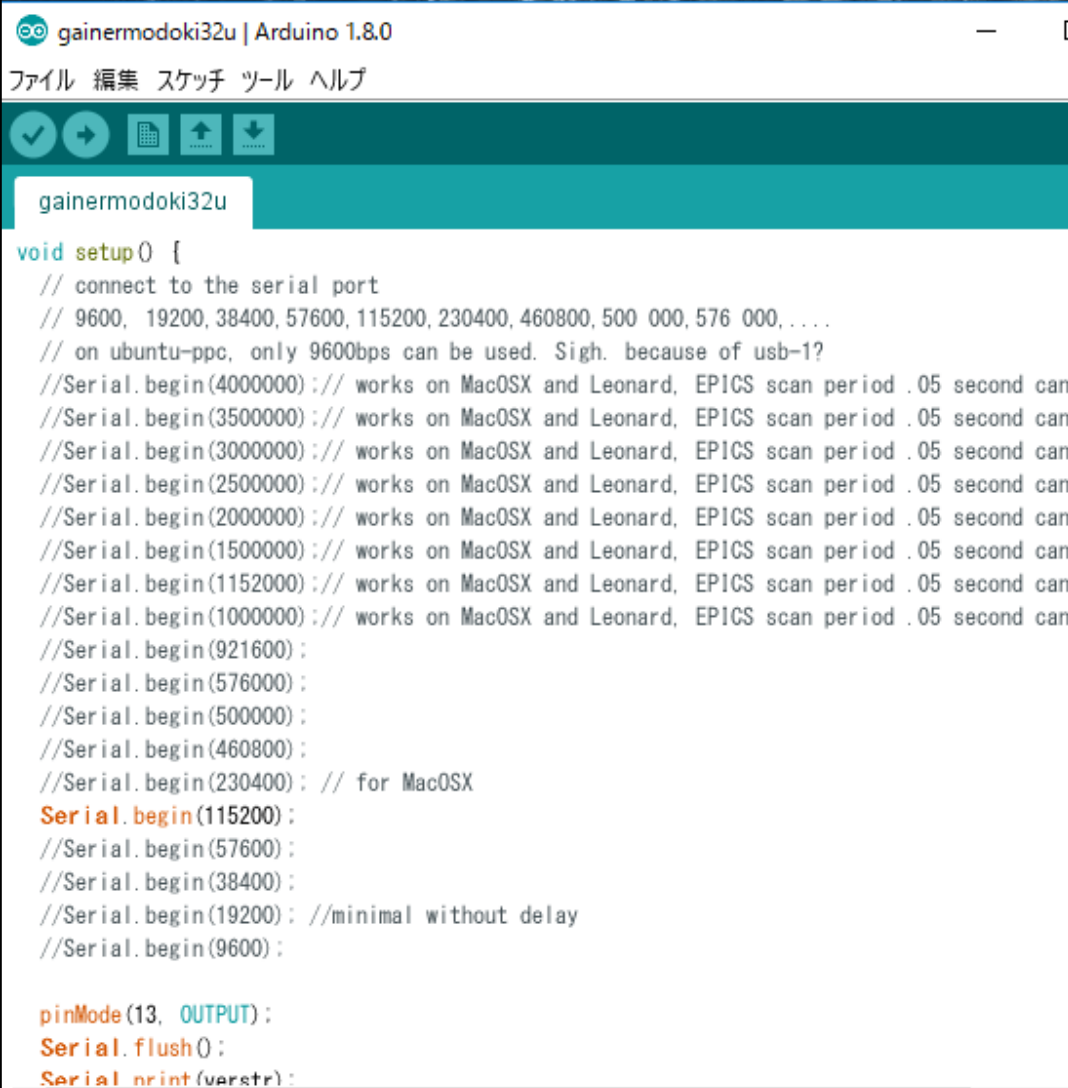
[Gainermodoki.ino](#)

= Sketch file for the Arduino shield (in previous page) for the hands-on by N.Yamamoto.

Arduino sketch file

/opt/epics/modules/soft/StreamDevice/apps/protocols/gainermodoki/gainermodoki32u/

gainermodoki32u.ino



```
gainermodoki32u | Arduino 1.8.0
ファイル 編集 スケッチ ツール ヘルプ

gainermodoki32u
void setup() {
  // connect to the serial port
  // 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 500 000, 576 000, ....
  // on ubuntu-ppc, only 9600bps can be used. Sigh. because of usb-1?
  //Serial.begin(4000000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(3500000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(3000000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(2500000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(2000000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(1500000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(1152000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(1000000):// works on MacOSX and Leonard, EPICS scan period .05 second can
  //Serial.begin(921600):
  //Serial.begin(576000):
  //Serial.begin(500000):
  //Serial.begin(460800):
  //Serial.begin(230400): // for MacOSX
  Serial.begin(115200):
  //Serial.begin(57600):
  //Serial.begin(38400):
  //Serial.begin(19200): //minimal without delay
  //Serial.begin(9600):

  pinMode(13, OUTPUT):
  Serial.flush():
  Serial.print(verstr):
```


RPi Set Up

What we already did for this hands-on :

1. Install OS (raspbian) into RPi

Download the image of 2017-04-10-raspbian-jessie
Copy to the microSD card

2. Install EPICS into RPi

EPICS base, asyn, stream device, etc. under /opt/epics
This time, we install the files compiled by N.Yamamoto.

3. Arduino setup

Install and setup by the command
“sudo apt-get install arduino”

RPi Hands On

1. Divide into 5 (or 6) groups
2. SSH to RPi and run the IOC shell

In each group, only 1 person can edit the file and run the IOC shell.

- SSH to RPi (We'll tell the user/ password / IP address later.)
- cd ~/For_HandsOn/scripts
- For group 2-6, edit the ArduinoProto.cmd
to change the record name.

From P=myArduuno1,,,

To P=myArduuno*,,, (*=group number, 1-6)

← nano ArduinoProto.cmd

- Run the IOC shell

./ArduinoProto.cmd

(Directory is linked from/opt/epics/modules/soft/StreamDevice/apps/)

RPi Hands On

3. Access the EPICS records from your note PC

- caget / camonitor / caput <PV name>
- Make the MEDM window to monitor / access the PVs

myArduino*:LUM	Analog Val. From LUM sensor
myArduino*:LED:R	Red LED (=0 Turn On =1 Turn Off)
myArduino*:LED:G	Green LED (=0 Turn On =1 Turn Off)
myArduino*:CLEM:R	3-Col. LED Red (=0 Turn On =1 Turn Off)
myArduino*:CLEM:G	3-Col. LED Green (=0 Turn On =1 Turn Off)
myArduino*:CLEM:B	3-Col. LED Blue (=0 Turn On =1 Turn Off)
myArduino*:buzzer	(1: beep sound on)

(* = group number, 1-6)